# 57 ESTANYS DE MONTMANTELL I PIC DEL PLA DE L'ESTANY (COMAPEDROSA NATURE PARK)

### DON'T MISS...

the Menairons Forest, a simple and fun route located in the area of Pal.

### DID YOU KNOW...

in 1996, Arinsal suffered one of the biggest avalanches to occur in a populated area in the whole of Europe. Estimates suggest that approximately 2 billion cubic metres of snow fell at 200 km/h from a height of 2,500 metres.

#### **BEHIND THE NAME**

#### Montmantell:

compound name made up of Mont+mantell (Meaning "Mountain" + "blanket"). This in turn comes from the Latin mons/tis. This county has several grassy mountain faces, whose shape brings to mind a blanket. Mantell (blanket) comes from the Latin word mantellum.









lorthern wheatear



idge



Negre lake and Comapedrosa Peak

This itinerary is located in the Valls de Comapedrosa Nature Park, a natural area created in 2003 and extended in 2006. It's one of the Principality's most alpine areas. It is home to a number of glacial lakes, including Estany Negre, Estany Forcats and the Montmantell lakes, the latter being a main point of interest along this route.

It's a tough route: although it's not technically complicated, the last stretch involves overcoming a small ridge. It passes through a variety of different kinds of landscapes, allowing hikers to admire the magnificent Pla de l'Estany or the timeless Montmantell ponds. It ends with a spectacular panoramic view of the Pla de l'Estany Peak, located on the northern border.

The flora that you'll be surrounded by along the route is mostly made up of deciduous trees which, as you gain altitude, will give way to forests of Scots pine (*Pinus sylvestris*). There are also plenty of hazels (*Corylus avellana*), whose leaves are rugged, pointy and serrated, wild cherry trees (*Prunus avium*) and wayfarers (*Viburnum lantana*).

The fauna is also plentiful, including white wagtails (Motacilla alba), Eurasian wrens (Troglodytes troglodytes), European robins (Erithacus rubecula), common blackbirds (Turdus merula), long-tailed tits (Aegithalos caudatus), Eurasian blue tits (Cyanistes caeruleus) and European goldfinches (Carduelis carduelis).

It isn't difficult to see small mammals either, particularly red squirrels (*Sciurus vulgaris*). Wood mice (*Apodemus sylvaticus*), bank voles (*Clethrionomys glareolus*) and garden doormice (*Eliomys quercinus*), on the other hand, are more difficult to spot.



## **TECHNICAL INFORMATION**













7.160 M





PATH 1.610 m

BORDES

CORUVILLA

DE LA

1.880 m

REC

D'ARENY

1.984 m



















\* You can return by following the same route.

ı	ALTITUDE	ASCENT/DESCENT			
	INFOR- MATION HUT 1.560 m	 ()		N42 34.683 E1 28.736	When you get to la Massana, turn towards Arinsal, go past the town and continue until you reach Arinsal's car park, where you'll find the Valls de Comapedrosa Na- ture Park's information hut.
	PLA DE L'ESTANY	760 m ' (+50 m)	15'	N42 34.838 E1 28.736	Cross the first tunnel and turn right. Pass in front of the Prat Sobirans buildings
	LLUIAN	(±30 III)		L1 20.730	in none of the frat boblians buildings

2.160 m 1h 05' N42 35.179

1h 25'

(+270 m)

2.620 m

(+104 m)

E1 28.096

N42 35.268

E1 27.852

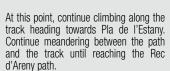






ad and head e l'Estany path. unning through gns for Pla de ch the Coruvilla	
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Leave	the	tarmac	road	and	head
		ng the Pl			
The tra	ill clir	nbs whil	e runn	ing th	rough
the for	est. F	follow the	e signs	for F	Pla de
l'Estany	/ and	you will	reach t	the Co	ruvilla
farm bu	uilding	JS.			





PLACE Altitude	DISTANCE ASCENT/DESCENT	TIME	COORDINATES	DESCRIPTION	
JOAN CANUT REFUGE 2.050 m	3.540 m (+66 m)	1h 45'	N42 35.645 E1 27.632	Take the Rec d'Areny, which climbs parallel to the track, and soon you'll reach the magnificent Pla de l'Estany. Follow the signs for GR11.1 northbound until reaching the Joan Canut free mountain refuge.	WE TO
6 Montma Tell Path 2.180 m		2h 10'	N42 35.831 E1 27.819	Follow the signs for GR11.1 which runs to the right of the shelter. The trail gains altitude along an alpine pasture until reaching the beginning of the Montmantell path.	
<b>7</b> <b>CABIN</b> 2.500 m	5.600 m (+320 m)	3h 10'	N42 36.069 E1 28.182	Leave the GR11.1 and turn right towards the Montmantell ponds. The path follows the course of the river, leading you to the surprising Pleta de Montmantell grazing area. Continue climbing up a steady slope until reaching a small hunting lodge. The views from this point are truly breathtaking.	
8 Montma Tell Lakes 2.675 m	<b>N-</b> 6.460 m (+175 m)	3h 40'	N42 36.287 E1 28.012	From here on you must pay attention to the signs, given that the trail is not clearly signposted. Continue to follow the yellow dots and markings of an old GR until reaching the first Montmantell pond. Walk around the left side of the pond and continue climbing until you reach the second Montmantell pond.	
9 ARINSAL MOUNTAI PASS 2.734 m		3h 55'	N42 36.384 E1 28.043	From the western edge of the second Montmantell pond, carry on walking along the path which heads west. Slightly further on the path turns 180° and the slope eases off until reaching the Arinsal mountain pass.	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
10 PLA DE L'ESTANY PEAK 2.859 m	7.160 m (+125 m)	4h 15'	N42 36.406 E1 27.841	Upon reaching the Arinsal mountain pass, turn left (west) and head towards the summit up above. Despite this being an easy summit, this is the most technical part of the route. Upon reaching the summit, the panoramic views are spectacular.	

## **ROUTE PROFILE**

